

# Free Questions for HPE6-A78 by actualtestdumps

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# **Question 1**

#### **Question Type:** MultipleChoice

You have an Aruba Mobility Controller (MC). for which you are already using Aruba ClearPass Policy Manager (CPPM) to authenticate access to the Web UI with usernames and passwords You now want to enable managers to use certificates to log in to the Web UI CPPM will continue to act as the external server to check the names in managers' certificates and tell the MC the managers' correct rote

in addition to enabling certificate authentication. what is a step that you should complete on the MC?

### **Options:**

- A- Verify that the MC has the correct certificates, and add RadSec to the RADIUS server configuration for CPPM
- B- install all of the managers' certificates on the MC as OCSP Responder certificates
- C- Verify that the MC trusts CPPM's HTTPS certificate by uploading a trusted CA certificate Also, configure a CPPM username and password on the MC
- D- Create a local admin account mat uses certificates in the account, specify the correct trusted CA certificate and external authentication

#### **Answer:**

Α

# **Question 2**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What distinguishes a Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attack from a traditional Denial or service attack (DoS)?

### **Options:**

- A- A DDoS attack originates from external devices, while a DoS attack originates from internal devices
- B- A DDoS attack is launched from multiple devices, while a DoS attack is launched from a single device
- C- A DoS attack targets one server, a DDoS attack targets all the clients that use a server
- D- A DDoS attack targets multiple devices, while a DoS Is designed to Incapacitate only one device

### **Answer:**

Α

# **Question 3**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What is a guideline for managing local certificates on an ArubaOS-Switch?

### **Options:**

- A- Before installing the local certificate, create a trust anchor (TA) profile with the root CA certificate for the certificate that you will install
- B- Install an Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) certificate to simplify the process of enrolling and re-enrolling for certificate
- C- Generate the certificate signing request (CSR) with a program offline, then, install both the certificate and the private key on the switch in a single file.
- D- Create a self-signed certificate online on the switch because ArubaOS-Switches do not support CA-signed certificates.

#### **Answer:**

С

## **Question 4**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What is a benefit or using network aliases in ArubaOS firewall policies?

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- A- You can associate a reputation score with the network alias to create rules that filler traffic based on reputation rather than IP.
- B- You can use the aliases to translate client IP addresses to other IP addresses on the other side of the firewall
- C- You can adjust the IP addresses in the aliases, and the rules using those aliases automatically update
- D- You can use the aliases to conceal the true IP addresses of servers from potentially untrusted clients.

Α

# **Question 5**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What is a benefit of deploying Aruba ClearPass Device insight?

### **Options:**

A- Highly accurate endpoint classification for environments with many devices types, including Internet of Things (IoT)

- B- visibility into devices' 802.1X supplicant settings and automated certificate deployment
- C- Agent-based analysts of devices' security settings and health status, with the ability to implement quarantining
- D- Simpler troubleshooting of ClearPass solutions across an environment with multiple ClearPass Policy Managers

В

# **Question 6**

### **Question Type:** MultipleChoice

Your ArubaoS solution has detected a rogue AP with Wireless intrusion Prevention (WIP). Which information about the detected radio can best help you to locate the rogue device?

### **Options:**

- A- the match method
- B- the detecting devices
- C- the match type

Answer:  A  Question 7  Question Type: MultipleChoice  What is a correct guideline for the management protocols that you should use on ArubaOS-Switches?  Options:  A- Disable Telnet and use TFTP instead.  B- Disable SSH and use https instead.  C- Disable Telnet and use SSH instead  D- Disable HTTPS and use SSH instead	
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Answer:	

# **Question 8**

### **Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What role does the Aruba ClearPass Device Insight Analyzer play in the Device Insight architecture?

### **Options:**

- A- It resides in the cloud and manages licensing and configuration for Collectors
- B- It resides on-prem and provides the span port to which traffic is mirrored for deep analytics.
- C- It resides on-prem and is responsible for running active SNMP and Nmap scans
- D- It resides In the cloud and applies machine learning and supervised crowdsourcing to metadata sent by Collectors

#### **Answer:**

D

# **Question 9**

#### **Question Type:** MultipleChoice

A company has an Aruba solution with a Mobility Master (MM) Mobility Controllers (MCs) and campus Aps. What is one benefit of adding Aruba Airwave from the perspective of forensics?

### **Options:**

- A- Airwave can provide more advanced authentication and access control services for the AmbaOS solution
- B- Airwave retains information about the network for much longer periods than ArubaOS solution
- C- Airwave is required to activate Wireless Intrusion Prevention (WIP) services on the ArubaOS solution
- D- AirWave enables low level debugging on the devices across the ArubaOS solution

#### **Answer:**

С

# **Question 10**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What is a difference between radius and TACACS+?

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- A- RADIUS combines the authentication and authorization process while TACACS+ separates them.
- B- RADIUS uses TCP for Its connection protocol, while TACACS+ uses UDP tor its connection protocol.
- C- RADIUS encrypts the complete packet, white TACACS+ only offers partial encryption.
- D- RADIUS uses Attribute Value Pairs (AVPs) in its messages, while TACACS+ does not use them.

Α

# **Question 11**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What is a vulnerability of an unauthenticated Dime-Heliman exchange?

### **Options:**

- A- A hacker can replace the public values exchanged by the legitimate peers and launch an MITM attack.
- B- A brute force attack can relatively quickly derive Diffie-Hellman private values if they are able to obtain public values
- C- Diffie-Hellman with elliptic curve values is no longer considered secure in modem networks, based on NIST recommendations.
- D- Participants must agree on a passphrase in advance, which can limit the usefulness of Diffie- Hell man in practical contexts.

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