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Question 1

You have set up a basic authentication policy, but the API proxy returns an HTTP status of 401.What could be a reason?

Options:

A- In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type='postFlow'

B- In the AssignMessage policy, the Assign To tag has the type='response'

C- In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type='request'

D- In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type='preflow'

Answer:

B

Explanation:

A possible reason why the API proxy returns an HTTP status of 401 after setting up a basic authentication policy is that in the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="response". This means that the basic authentication value is assigned to the response header instead of the request header. This will cause an authentication failure when calling the backend server or service that

requires basic authentication. To fix this issue, you should change the type attribute of the AssignTo tag to type="request". This will ensure that the basic authentication value is assigned to the request header before sending it to the target endpoint.Reference:Basic Authentication | SAP Help Portal,Assign Message Policy | SAP Help Portal

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What are some advantages of the cloud integration capability within SAP Integration Suite? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

Options:

A- A local installation is not required.

B- Customer-to-Customer(C2C) integrations can be developed

C- Integration processes can be developed offline.

D- Predefined scenarios can be used out-of-the-box.

Answer:

A, D

Explanation:

Some advantages of the cloud integration capability within SAP Integration Suite are:

A local installation is not required. The cloud integration capability is a cloud-based service that runs on SAP Business Technology Platform (BTP). It does not require any installation or maintenance on your local system. You can access it from any web browser and start developing and deploying integration flows using a graphical user interface or an Eclipse-based tooling.

Predefined scenarios can be used out-of-the-box. The cloud integration capability provides a rich set of predefined integration scenarios that cover various use cases and domains, such as SAP-to-SAP integration, SAP-to-non-SAP integration, hybrid integration, process orchestration, and so on. You can browse and discover these scenarios from the Discover page of the cloud integration web UI or from the SAP API Business Hub. You can use these scenarios as they are or customize them according to your needs.Reference:Cloud Integration Capability Overview | SAP Help Portal,Discover Integration Content | SAP Help Portal

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which expression language can you use to access the content of a message in an integration flow?

Options:

A- JavaScript expression language

B- XML expression language

C- Spring expression language

D- Simple expression language

Answer:

D

Explanation:

To access the content of a message in an integration flow, you can use the Simple expression language. The Simple expression language is a subset of the expressions defined in Camel Simple Expression Language, which is a language for accessing and manipulating message contents and exchange properties in Apache Camel integration framework. The Simple expression language supports various built-in variables, functions, operators, and literals that can be used to construct expressions for different purposes, such as routing conditions, content modification, variable assignment, and so on. You can use the Simple expression language when configuring components that support expressions, such as content modifier, router, filter, write variables, and so on.Reference:Using Camel Simple Expression Language | SAP Help Portal,Get to know Camel's Simple expression language in SAP Cloud Integration | SAP Blogs

Question 4

What must you do to find out which entity sets are available in the OData V2.0 interface?

Options:

A- Retrieve the service document from the interface.

B- Retrieve the metadata document form the interface.

C- Contact the OData interface manufacturer

D- Search in the Global Directory of all available OData interfaces.

Answer:

B

Explanation:

To find out which entity sets are available in the OData V2.0 interface, you must retrieve the metadata document from the interface. The metadata document is an XML document that describes the data model of the OData service, including the entity types, entity sets, associations, functions, and actions. The metadata document can be accessed by appending $metadata to the service root URL of the

OData service. For example, if the service root URL is https://services.odata.org/OData/OData.svc/, then the metadata document URL is https://services.odata.org/OData/OData.svc/$metadata. The metadata document can be used to discover the structure and capabilities of the OData service and to generate client code or proxies.Reference:Overview (OData Version 2.0) | OData - The Best Way to REST,OData API v2 Reference | SAP Help Portal

Question 5

You use an APIKey for authentication in an HTTPS API call. In which part of the Content Modifier is the APIKey included?

Options:

A- Message body

B- Message header

C- Attachment

D- Exchange property

Answer:

B

Explanation:

To use an API key for authentication in an HTTPS API call, you must include the API key in the message header of the content modifier step. The message header contains information related to the message, such as addressing, routing, or metadata. You can use the content modifier step to create or modify message headers using expressions or constants. The API key is typically passed as a value of a specific header field, such as Authorization or X-API-Key, depending on the API provider's requirements. You can use the Camel Simple Expression Language to access or construct the API key value from variables, properties, or system information.Reference:Content Modifier | SAP Help Portal,Using Camel Simple Expression Language | SAP Help Portal

Question 6

Question Type: **MultipleChoice**

You want to implement a synchronous call to a remote HTTP API as an integration flow component. Which adapter can you use?

Options:

A- OData

B- Mail

C- AMQP

D- SFTP

Answer:

A

Explanation:

You can use an OData adapter to implement a synchronous call to a remote HTTP API as an integration flow component. An OData adapter allows you to send and receive messages using the OData protocol. OData stands for Open Data Protocol and is a standard for exposing and consuming data over HTTP or HTTPS. You can use an OData adapter to communicate with OData services that support CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on resources.Reference:Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite,Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

Question 7

Question Type: **MultipleChoice**

You want to integrate a SOAP adapter into an integration process and enable the adapter to send messages to the integration flow. Which user role must you set up in the SOAP adapter?

Options:

A- MessagingsendtoCI

B- MessagingSend

C- ESBMessaging send

Answer:

C

Explanation:

To integrate a SOAP adapter into an integration process and enable the adapter to send messages to the integration flow, you must set up the ESBMessaging send user role in the SOAP adapter. The ESBMessaging send user role grants the permission to send messages to the Enterprise Service Bus (ESB) of the Cloud Integration capability. The ESB is responsible for routing and delivering messages between different integration flows and adapters.Reference: Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP