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**Shared by Lloyd on 24-05-2024**

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## Question 1

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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What is the of Data Life cycle Management (DLM)?

### Options:

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- A) Ensuring that an adequate level of data protection is in place during some of the stages in the data life cycle.
- B) Guaranteeing that personal data is processed in compliance with the GDPR during its lifetime.
- C) Managing personal data in a way that guarantees the data is accurate and kept up to date

### Answer:

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B

## Question 2

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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A controller can contract out the processing of personal data to another company, provided a written contract between these partners is in place.

Which clause in this contract is a responsibility of the-controller?

**Options:**

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- A)** To ensure that persons authorized to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate. Statutory obligation of confidentiality
- B)** To make available all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations laid down in the GDPR and also for and contribute to audits, including inspections.
- C)** processes the personal data only on documented instructions. Including with regard to transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organization
- D)** To provide sufficient guarantees for appropriate technical and organizational measures in such a manner that processing will meet the requirements of the GDPR.

**Answer:**

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A

## Question 3

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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What is a responsibility Supervisory Authorities in EEA countries?

**Options:**

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- A) Research on security bleaches of corporate information
- B) Supervision of all data processing operations controlled by a controller in an EEA country
- C) Supervision of all data processing operations where the data subjects are residents of an EEA courtly

**Answer:**

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C

## Question 4

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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The General Data protection Regulation (GDRP) is based on the principle of proportionality and subsidiarity.

What is the meaning of proportionality in this context?

### Options:

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- A) Personal data can only be processed in accordance with the purpose specification.
- B) Personal data cannot be re-used without explicit and informed consent.
- C) Personal data only is processed in case there are no other means to achieve the purposes.
- D) Personal data must be adequate, relevant and not excessive in relation to the purposes.

### Answer:

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C

### Explanation:

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[https://edps.europa.eu/data-protection/our-work/subjects/necessity-proportionality\\_en](https://edps.europa.eu/data-protection/our-work/subjects/necessity-proportionality_en)

## Question 5

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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Personal data as defined in the General Data protection Regulation (GDPR) can be divided in several types.

"Data that directly or indirectly reveal someone's racial or ethnic background, political/philosophical/religious, views, union affiliation and data related to health or sexual habits."

What type of personal data is described?

**Options:**

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- A) Direct personal data
- B) Indirect personal data
- C) Pseudonymized data
- D) Sensitive personal data

**Answer:**

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D

## Question 6

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) formalization the data subject's right to data portability.

What is the object of data portability?

**Options:**

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- A) The controller has the right to move the data subject's personal data from one organization to another
- B) The data subject has the right to move personal data concerning him or her.
- C) The data subject has the right to move his/her data when moving to another country
- D) The Supervisory Authority authorizes the movement of personal data.

**Answer:**

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B

## Question 7

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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A personal data breach has occurred and the controller is writing a draft notification for the Supervisory Authority. The document describes the nature of the breach and its possible consequences. It also contains information on the parties that can provide additional information on the data breach to the Supervisory Authority.

What other information should the controller add?

**Options:**

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- A) The information of local and national authorities that have been informed about the data breach.
- B) Name and contact details of the subjects whose data may be breached.
- C) Suggested measures to mitigate the adverse consequences of the data breach.
- D) The information needed to access the personal data that has been breached.

**Answer:**

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A

## Question 8

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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When does the GDPR require data subject consent to a cookie?



### Options:

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- A) Always, because a cookie is regarded as an online identifier
- B) Never, as the EU Cookie Law does not require explicit consent
- C) Only if the cookie contains authentication information of the data subject
- D) Only if the cookie contains shopping basket items

### Answer:

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A

### Explanation:

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<https://eugdprcompliant.com/cookies-consent-gdpr/>

## Question 9

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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According to the GDPR, what is the main reason to consider data protection in the design phase?

**Options:**

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- A) It ensures efficiency in protect phases
- B) It ensures privacy by default
- C) It reduces the risk of fraud
- D) It reduces the risk of liability

**Answer:**

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B

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