



Free Questions for CKS by dumpshq

Shared by Shaw on 24-05-2024

For More Free Questions and Preparation Resources

Check the Links on Last Page

Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You must complete this task on the following cluster/nodes:

Cluster:apparmor

Master node:master

Worker node:worker1

You can switch the cluster/configuration context using the following command:

```
[desk@cli] $kubectl config use-context apparmor
```

Given: AppArmor is enabled on the worker1 node.

Task:

On the worker1 node,

1. Enforce the prepared AppArmor profile located at:/etc/apparmor.d/nginx
2. Edit the prepared manifest file located at/home/cert_masters/nginx.yaml to apply the apparmor profile
3. Create the Pod using this manifest

Options:

A) Explanation:

```
[desk@cli] $ssh worker1  
[worker1@cli] $apparmor_parser -q /etc/apparmor.d/nginx
```

```
[worker1@cli] $aa-status | grep nginx
```

```
nginx-profile-1
```

```
[worker1@cli] $logout
```

```
[desk@cli] $vim nginx-deploy.yaml
```

Add these lines under metadata:

```
annotations: # Add this line
```

```
container.apparmor.security.beta.kubernetes.io/<container-name>: localhost/nginx-profile-1
```

```
[desk@cli] $kubectl apply -f nginx-deploy.yaml
```

Explanation

```
[desk@cli] $ssh worker1
```

```
[worker1@cli] $apparmor_parser -q /etc/apparmor.d/nginx
```

```
[worker1@cli] $aa-status | grep nginx
```

```
nginx-profile-1
```

```
[worker1@cli] $logout
```

```
[desk@cli] $vim nginx-deploy.yaml
```

Image not found or type unknown



```
[desk@cli] $kubectl apply -f nginx-deploy.yaml
```

```
pod/nginx-deploy created
```

Reference:<https://kubernetes.io/docs/tutorials/clusters/apparmor/pod/nginx-deploy> created

```
[desk@cli] $kubectl apply -f nginx-deploy.yaml  
pod/nginx-deploy created
```

Reference:<https://kubernetes.io/docs/tutorials/clusters/apparmor/>

Answer:

A

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You can switch the cluster/configuration context using the following command:

```
[desk@cli] $kubectl config use-context test-account
```

Task:Enable audit logs in the cluster.

To do so, enable the log backend, and ensure that:

1. logs are stored at /var/log/Kubernetes/logs.txt

2. log files are retained for 5 days

3. at maximum, a number of 10 old audit log files are retained

A basic policy is provided at /etc/kubernetes/logpolicy/audit-policy.yaml. It only specifies what not to log.

Note: The base policy is located on the cluster's master node.

Edit and extend the basic policy to log:

1. Nodes changes at RequestResponse level

2. The request body of persistentvolume changes in the namespace frontend

3. ConfigMap and Secret changes in all namespaces at the Metadata level

Also, add a catch-all rule to log all other requests at the Metadata level

Note: Don't forget to apply the modified policy.

Options:

A) Explanation:

\$ vim /etc/kubernetes/log-policy/audit-policy.yaml

- level: RequestResponse

userGroups: ['system:nodes']

- level: Request

resources:

```
- group: "# core API group
resources: ['persistentvolumes']
namespaces: ['frontend']
- level: Metadata
resources:
- group: ""
resources: ['configmaps', 'secrets']
- level: Metadata
$vim /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-apiserver.yaml
```

Add these

```
- --audit-policy-file=/etc/kubernetes/log-policy/audit-policy.yaml
- --audit-log-path=/var/log/kubernetes/logs.txt
- --audit-log-maxage=5
- --audit-log-maxbackup=10
```

Explanation

```
[desk@cli] $ssh master1
[master1@cli] $vim /etc/kubernetes/log-policy/audit-policy.yaml
apiVersion: audit.k8s.io/v1 # This is required.
kind: Policy
# Don't generate audit events for all requests in RequestReceived stage.
omitStages:
- 'RequestReceived'
rules:
# Don't log watch requests by the 'system:kube-proxy' on endpoints or services
- level: None
users: ['system:kube-proxy']
```

```
verbs: ['watch']
resources:
- group: "" # core API group
resources: ['endpoints', 'services']
# Don't log authenticated requests to certain non-resource URL paths.
- level: None
userGroups: ['system:authenticated']
nonResourceURLs:
- '/api*' # Wildcard matching.
- '/version'
# Add your changes below
- level: RequestResponse
userGroups: ['system:nodes'] # Block for nodes
- level: Request
resources:
- group: "" # core API group
resources: ['persistentvolumes'] # Block for persistentvolumes
namespaces: ['frontend'] # Block for persistentvolumes of frontend ns
- level: Metadata
resources:
- group: "" # core API group
resources: ['configmaps', 'secrets'] # Block for configmaps & secrets
- level: Metadata # Block for everything else
[master1@cli] $vim /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-apiserver.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
```

```
metadata:  
annotations:  
kubeadm.kubernetes.io/kube-apiserver.advertise-address.endpoint: 10.0.0.5:6443  
labels:  
component: kube-apiserver  
tier: control-plane  
name: kube-apiserver  
namespace: kube-system  
spec:  
containers:  
- command:  
- kube-apiserver  
- --advertise-address=10.0.0.5  
- --allow-privileged=true  
- --authorization-mode=Node,RBAC  
- --audit-policy-file=/etc/kubernetes/log-policy/audit-policy.yaml #Add this  
- --audit-log-path=/var/log/kubernetes/logs.txt #Add this  
- --audit-log-maxage=5 #Add this  
- --audit-log-maxbackup=10 #Add this  
...  
output truncated
```

Note: log volume & policy volume is already mounted invim /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-apiserver.yaml so no need to mount it.

Reference:<https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/debug-application-cluster/audit/>

Note: log volume & policy volume is already mounted invim /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-apiserver.yaml so no need to mount it.

Reference:<https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/debug-application-cluster/audit/>

Answer:

A

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Context:

Cluster:prod

Master node:master1

Worker node:worker1

You can switch the cluster/configuration context using the following command:

```
[desk@cli] $kubectl config use-context prod
```

Task:

Analyse and edit the given Dockerfile (based on theubuntu:18:04image)

/home/cert_masters/Dockerfile fixing two instructions present in the file being prominent security/best-practice issues.

Analyse and edit the given manifest file

/home/cert_masters/mydeployment.yaml fixing two fields present in the file being prominent security/best-practice issues.

Note: Don't add or remove configuration settings; only modify the existing configuration settings, so that two configuration settings each are no longer security/best-practice concerns.

Should you need an unprivileged user for any of the tasks, use usernobody with user id 65535

Options:

A) Explanation:

1. For Dockerfile: Fix the image version & user name in Dockerfile
2. For mydeployment.yaml : Fix security contexts

Explanation

```
[desk@cli] $vim /home/cert_masters/Dockerfile
FROM ubuntu:latest # Remove this
FROM ubuntu:18.04 # Add this
USER root # Remove this
USER nobody # Add this
RUN apt get install -y lsof=4.72 wget=1.17.1 nginx=4.2
ENV ENVIRONMENT=testing
USER root # Remove this
USER nobody # Add this
```

CMD ['nginx -d']

Image not found or type unknown



[desk@cli] \$vim/home/cert_masters/mydeployment.yaml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
creationTimestamp: null
labels:
app: kafka
name: kafka
spec:
replicas: 1
selector:
matchLabels:
app: kafka
strategy: {}
template:
metadata:
creationTimestamp: null
labels:
app: kafka
spec:
containers:
```

```
- image: bitnami/kafka
name: kafka
volumeMounts:
- name: kafka-vol
mountPath: /var/lib/kafka
securityContext:
{'capabilities':{'add':['NET_ADMIN'],'drop':['all']},'privileged': True,'readOnlyRootFilesystem': False, 'runAsUser': 65535} # Delete This
{'capabilities':{'add':['NET_ADMIN'],'drop':['all']},'privileged': False,'readOnlyRootFilesystem': True, 'runAsUser': 65535} # Add This
resources: {}
volumes:
- name: kafka-vol
emptyDir: {}
status: {}
Pictorial View:
```

[desk@cli] \$vim/home/cert_masters/mydeployment.yaml

Image not found or type unknown



Answer:

A

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given an existing Pod named test-web-pod running in the namespace test-system

Edit the existing Role bound to the Pod's Service Account named sa-backend to only allow performing get operations on endpoints.

Create a new Role named test-system-role-2 in the namespace test-system, which can perform patch operations, on resources of type statefulsets.

Options:

- A) Create a new RoleBinding named test-system-role-2-binding binding the newly created Role to the Pod's ServiceAccount sa-backend.

Answer:

A

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Create a network policy named restrict-np to restrict to pod nginx-test running in namespace testing.

Only allow the following Pods to connect to Pod nginx-test:-

1. pods in the namespace default
2. pods with label version:v1 in any namespace.

Make sure to apply the network policy.

Options:

A) Explanation:

Answer:

A

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Create a User named john, create the CSR Request, fetch the certificate of the user after approving it.

Create a Role name john-role to list secrets, pods in namespace john

Finally, Create a RoleBinding named john-role-binding to attach the newly created role john-role to the user john in the namespace john.

To Verify: Use the kubectl auth CLI command to verify the permissions.

Options:

A) Explanation:

use kubectl to create a CSR and approve it.

Get the list of CSRs:

kubectl get csr

Approve the CSR:

kubectl certificate approve myuser

Get the certificate

Retrieve the certificate from the CSR:

kubectl get csr/myuser -o yaml

here are the role and role-binding to give john permission to create NEW_CRD resource:

kubectl apply -f roleBindingJohn.yaml --as=john

rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/john_external-rosource-rb created

kind: RoleBinding

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1

metadata:

name: john_crd

namespace: development-john

```
subjects:  
- kind: User  
name: john  
apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io  
roleRef:  
kind: ClusterRole  
name: crd-creation  
kind: ClusterRole  
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1  
metadata:  
name: crd-creation  
rules:  
- apiGroups: ['kubernetes-client.io/v1']  
resources: ['NEW_CRD']  
verbs: ['create, list, get']
```

Answer:

A

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Using the runtime detection tool Falco, Analyse the container behavior for at least 30 seconds, using filters that detect newly spawning and executing processes

Options:

- A) store the incident file art /opt/falco-incident.txt, containing the detected incidents. one per line, in the format [timestamp],[uid],[user-name],[processName]

Answer:

A

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

use the Trivy to scan the following images,

Options:

- A) 1. amazonlinux:1

2. k8s.gcr.io/kube-controller-manager:v1.18.6

Look for images with HIGH or CRITICAL severity vulnerabilities and store the output of the same in /opt/trivy-vulnerable.txt

Answer:

A

Question 9

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Enable audit logs in the cluster, To Do so, enable the log backend, and ensure that

1. logs are stored at /var/log/kubernetes/kubernetes-logs.txt.
2. Log files are retained for 5 days.
3. at maximum, a number of 10 old audit logs files are retained.

Edit and extend the basic policy to log:

Options:

- A)** 1. Cronjobs changes at RequestResponse

2. Log the request body of deployments changes in the namespace kube-system.
3. Log all other resources in core and extensions at the Request level.
4. Don't log watch requests by the 'system:kube-proxy' on endpoints or

Answer:

A

To Get Premium Files for CKS Visit

<https://www.p2pexams.com/products/cks>

For More Free Questions Visit

<https://www.p2pexams.com/linux-foundation/pdf/cks>

