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## Question 1

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Each goddess tried \_\_\_ to bribe Paris.

**Options:**

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A- boldly

B- effectively

C- secretly

D- carefully

E- answer not stated

**Answer:**

---

A

## Question 2

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

Eris was known for \_\_\_both mortals and immortals.

**Options:**

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- A- scheming against
- B- involving in conflict
- C- feeling hostile toward
- D- ignoring
- E- comforting

**Answer:**

---

B

## Question 3

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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The Athenians were \_\_\_by some soldiers who arrived from Plataea.

### Options:

---

- A- welcomed
- B- strengthened
- C- held
- D- captured
- E- answer not available

### Answer:

---

B

### Explanation:

---

The Trojan War is one of the most famous wars in history. It is well known for the ten-year duration, for the heroism of a number of legendary characters, and for the Trojan horse. What may not be familiar, however, is the story of how the war began. According to Greek myth, the strife between the Trojans and the Greeks started at the wedding of Peleus, King of Thessaly, and Thetis, a sea nymph. All of the gods and goddesses had been invited to the wedding celebration in Troy except Eris, goddess of discord. She had been omitted from the guest list because her presence always embroiled mortals and immortals alike in conflict. To take revenge on those who had slighted her, Eris decided to cause a skirmish. Into the middle of the banquet hall, she threw a golden apple marked "for the most beautiful." All of the goddesses began to haggle over who should possess it. The gods and goddesses reached a stalemate when the choice was narrowed to Hera, Athena, and Aphrodite. Someone was needed to settle the controversy by picking a winner. The job eventually fell to Paris, son of King Priam of Troy, who was said to be a good judge of beauty. Paris did not have an easy job. Each goddess, eager to win the golden apple, tried aggressively to bribe him. "I'll grant you vast kingdoms to rule," promised Hera. "Vast

kingdoms are nothing in comparison with my gift," contradicted Athena. "Choose me and I'll see that you win victory and fame in war." Aphrodite outdid her adversaries, however. She won the golden apple by offering Helen, Zeus' daughter and the most beautiful mortal, to Paris. Paris, anxious to claim Helen, set off for Sparta in Greece. Although Paris learned that Helen was married, he accepted the hospitality of her husband, King Menelaus of Sparta, anyway. Therefore, Menelaus was outraged for a number of reasons when Paris departed, taking Helen and much of the king's wealth back to Troy. Menelaus collected his loyal forces and set sail for Troy to begin the war to reclaim Helen.

## Question 4

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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The people of Delos did not want to \_\_\_\_ the conquest of Greece.

### Options:

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- A- end
- B- encourage
- C- think about
- D- daydream about

**E-** answer not available

**Answer:**

---

B

## Question 5

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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Their participation\_\_\_to the Athenians.

**Options:**

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**A-** gave comfort

**B-** gave honor

**C-** gave strength

**D-** gave fear

**E-** gave hope

**Answer:**

---

B

## Question 6

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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Darius took drastic steps to \_\_\_\_ the rebellious Athenians.

**Options:**

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A- weaken

B- destroy

C- calm

D- placate

E- answer not available

**Answer:**

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C

## Question 7

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

Athens had \_\_\_\_ the other Greek city-states against the Persians.

### Options:

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- A- refused help to
- B- intervened on behalf of
- C- wanted to fight
- D- given orders for all to fight
- E- defeated

### Answer:

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B

## Question 8

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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The Armada was \_\_\_\_ on one side.

### Options:

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A- closed off

B- damaged

C- alone

D- circled

E- answer not available in this article

### Answer:

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A

### Explanation:

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The victory of the small Greek democracy of Athens over the mighty Persian empire in 490 B. C. is one of the most famous events in history. Darius, king of the Persian empire, was furious because Athens had interceded for the other Greek city-states in revolt against Persian domination. In anger the king sent an enormous army to defeat Athens. He thought it would take drastic steps to pacify the rebellious part of the empire. Persia was ruled by one man. In Athens, however, all citizens helped to rule. Ennobled by this participation, Athenians were prepared to die for their city-state. Perhaps this was the secret of the remarkable victory at Marathon, which freed them from Persian rule. On their way to Marathon, the Persians tried to fool some Greek city-states by claiming to have come in

peace. The frightened citizens of Delos refused to believe this. Not wanting to abet the conquest of Greece, they fled from their city and did not return until the Persians had left. They were wise, for the Persians next conquered the city of Etria and captured its people. Tiny Athens stood alone against Persia. The Athenian people went to their sanctuaries. There they prayed for deliverance. They asked their gods to expedite their victory. The Athenians refurbished their weapons and moved to the plain of Marathon, where their little band would meet the Persians. At the last moment, soldiers from Plataea reinforced the Athenian troops. The Athenian army attacked, and Greek citizens fought bravely. The power of the mighty Persians was offset by the love that the Athenians had for their city. Athenians defeated the Persians in archery and hand combat. Greek soldiers seized Persian ships and burned them, and the Persians fled in terror. Herodotus, a famous historian, reports that 6400 Persians died, compared with only 192 Athenians.

## Question 9

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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The two battles left the Spanish fleet \_\_\_\_\_.

### Options:

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- A- open to change
- B- triumphant
- C- open to attack

D- defeated

E- discouraged

**Answer:**

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C

## Question 10

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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The \_\_\_\_ Armada set sail on May 9, 1588.

**Options:**

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A- complete

B- warlike

C- independent

D- isolated

E- answer not available

**Answer:**

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B

## Question 11

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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Philip recruited many \_\_\_ soldiers and sailors.

**Options:**

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A- warlike

B- strong

C- accomplished

D- timid

E- non experienced

**Answer:**

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B

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