

# **Free Questions for BCABA**

**Shared by Gonzalez on 04-10-2024**

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## Question 1

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Available resources, applicable federal and state laws, programmatic costs, and a person's adaptive skills, learning history, and personal interests should all be considered as part of the process of F.

### Options:

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- A- collecting empirical data.
- B- conducting a baseline of target behaviors.
- C- manipulating ecological factors.
- D- prioritizing goals and objectives.

### Answer:

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D

## Question 2

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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To change the occurrence of hitting others, two procedures were compared. Differential reinforcement of incompatible behavior and time-out. The outcomes were examined within and across subjects. A withdrawal design was employed. An independent variable in this study was:

**Options:**

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- A- aggression.
- B- frequency across phase changes.
- C- return to baseline.
- D- time-out from reinforcement.

**Answer:**

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D

## Question 3

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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The systematic presentation and examination of information in an ABC format, where A represents the antecedent stimuli, B represents the behavior, and C represents the consequences following the behavior, is called D.

**Options:**

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- A- a consequence analysis.
- B- a functional analysis.
- C- a response analysis.
- D- a descriptive assessment.

**Answer:**

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D

## Question 4

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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A narrative recording is used to clearly determine all of the following EXCEPT:

**Options:**

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- A- duration of a behavior.
- B- function of a behavior.
- C- presence of a particular behavior.
- D- topography of undesirable behavior.

**Answer:**

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B

## Question 5

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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One limitation of descriptive analysis is that it:

**Options:**

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- A- does not allow the behavior analyst the opportunity to measure, record, and interpret the data on the target behavior.
- B- does not permit the precise determination of functional relationships.
- C- provides a less than adequate description of the topography and intensity of behavior.

**D-** violates the individual's right to privacy.

**Answer:**

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B

## Question 6

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Which situation is the BEST example of contingency-shaped behavior?

**Options:**

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**A-** A task analysis is used to teach Lilly how to clean her room.

**B-** Dean is able to change the scale on a computerized graph after reading "how to" instructions.

**C-** Billy's mother tells him not to touch the stove because he could burn himself. Billy does not touch the stove.

**D-** Jennifer sees a candy bar and she mands for it. Jennifer's sister gives her the candy bar and she eats it.

**Answer:**

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D

## Question 7

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Intraverbal behavior is controlled by

A.

### Options:

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**A-** verbal stimulus; the behavior does not match that stimulus; and the reinforcer is non-specific.

**B-** verbal stimulus; the behavior matches that stimulus; and the reinforcer is specific.

**C-** verbal stimulus; the behavior matches that stimulus; and the reinforcer is non-specific.

**D-** verbal stimulus; the behavior does not match that stimulus; and the reinforcer is specific.

### Answer:

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A

## Question 8

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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A functional relationship exists only iF.

### Options:

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- A- changes in a response class produce a functional consequence.
- B- changes in a stimulus class consistently alter a property of a response class.
- C- reinforcement is contingent upon responding.
- D- a stimulus elicits a response without previous conditioning.

### Answer:

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B

## Question 9

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Which of the following scenarios involves a behavioral contingency?

**Options:**

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- A- James ate dinner tonight and came down with indigestion.
- B- While throwing a chair, Linda bit her tongue.
- C- Susan hit her head on the wall, and a staff person asked her to stop.
- D- When asked to do her tasks, Doris said, 'I will not do that!'

**Answer:**

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C

## Question 10

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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An establishing operation is any change in the environment which.

**Options:**

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- A-** momentarily alters the effectiveness of the consequence for a behavior that was previously followed by reinforcement.
- B-** alters the timing of a behavior and momentarily alters the frequency of the behavior that was previously followed by reinforcement.
- C-** alters the effectiveness of some object or event as reinforcement thus momentarily changing the likelihood of behavior that was previously followed by that reinforcer.
- D-** alters the effectiveness of some object or event as a contingency-shaped rule and at the same time changes the momentary frequency of the behavior that was previously followed by reinforcement.

**Answer:**

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C

## Question 11

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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What best defines a discriminative stimulus?

**Options:**

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- A- It always elicits a response.
- B- It is defined by its effect on behavior.
- C- It is established using either operant or respondent procedures.
- D- It is any change in the environment.

**Answer:**

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B

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