

Free Questions for 1Z0-590

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Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which two configuration files specify the cluster stack, boot cluster and network settings for the OCFS2 duster?

Options:

- A- /etc/ocfs2/cluster.conf
- B- /etc/sysconfig/ocfs2
- C- /etc/sysconfig/cluster.conf
- D- /etc/sysconfig/o2cb

Answer:

B, D

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is the best use case for using the JeOS tools to build templates?

Options:

- A- Windows administrators looking for a wizard-based approach to template-building Linux templates.
- B- Linux administrators looking for a command-line approach to template-building Linux templates.
- C- Windows administrators looking for a wizard-based approach to template-building Windows templates.
- D- Linux administrators looking for a command-line approach to template-building Windows templates.
- E- Linux administrators looking for a command-line approach to template-building Windows and Linux templates.

Answer:

B

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

When setting up a server pool, enabling what option will persist the IP address of a server pool master after an HA failover?

Options:

- A- High Availability Mode
- B- Server Pool Virtual IP
- C- Live Migration
- D- O2CB service
- E- OCFS service

Answer:

C

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

When setting up an iSCSI repository, what three steps must be completed before running the repos.py commands?

Options:

- A-** The iSCSI LUN must be formatted with the OCFS2 file system.
- B-** Theiscsi-adm service must be installed and running.
- C-** The iSCSI daemon must be installed and running.
- D-** Multipathing must be configured and the multipath daemon must be running.
- E-** The iSCSI LUNs must be mapped to local devices.

Answer:

A, B, C

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What are the correct steps for doing a V2V conversion?

Options:

A- 1. Copy the entire virtual machine directory for the guest to be converted to the seed_pool directory.2.Open Oracle VM Manager to the Import Virtual Machines page.3. Click the Import button and choose Select from Server Pool.4. Select the server pool and virtual machine image name.

B- 1. Copy the entire virtual machine directory for the guest to be converted to the running_pool directory.2.Open Oracle VM Manager to the Import Virtual Machines page.3. Click the Import button and choose Select from Server Pool.4. Select the server pool and virtual machine image name.

C- 1. Copy the entire virtual machinedirectory for the guest to be converted to the running_pool directory.2. Open Oracle VM Manager to the Import Virtual Machines page.3. Click the Import button and choose Linux/Windows V2V Import.4. Select the server pool and virtual machine image name.

D- 1. Copy the entire virtual machine directory for the guest to be converted to the seed_pool directory.2. Open Oracle VM Manager to the Import Virtual Machines page.3. Click the Import button and choose Linux/Windows V2V import.4. Select the serverpool and virtual machine image name

Answer:

B

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Customers looking for pre-tested, validated architectures, with documented best practices for software, hardware, storage, and network components should consider which Oracle offering?

Options:

- A- Oracle AIA (Application Integration Architecture)
- B- Oracle Validated Configuration
- C- Oracle Support
- D- Oracle ACS (Advanced Customer Services)
- E- Oracle MetaLink

Answer:

B

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What two benefits can be derived from having multiple utility servers?

Options:

- A- A second utility server can provide a backup in case the main utility server dies.
- B- Only one utility server is allowed per server pool.
- C- A second utility server can be configured to switch to a Server Pool Master role if no more ServerPool Masters are available.
- D- A second utility server can help load balance high I/O loads.
- E- A second utility server is only needed if HA is turned on. In that case, it can provide a backup in case the main utility server dies

Answer:

C, D

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

After installing the PV drivers into a Windows guest, the networking fails on reboot. What is likely wrong?

Options:

- A- The network type has not been changed from Paravirtualized to Fully Virtualized (the ioemu driver is not specified in the vm.cfg).

- B-** After install the PV drivers, the MAC address of the network interfaces must be changed in vm.cfg.
- C-** After installing the PV drivers, the bridge setting in vm.cfg is lost and must be reset.
- D-** The network type has not been changed from Fully Virtualized to Paravirtualized(the netfront driver is not specified in vm.cfg).

Answer:

D

Explanation:

Oracle VMWindows Paravirtual Drivers Installation Guide Release 2.0 for Microsoft Windows

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6.4 Network Devices May Fail

If you install the Windows PV drivers into a guest with the vif type set to ioemu in the guest configuration file (vm.cfg), the network device(s) may fail. The Windows Device Manager displays an error code 10 and an exclamation point (!) to show the network driver cannot be started.

This is caused by the network type being set incorrectly in the guest configuration file.

The network card type can be set three ways:

type=ioemu: Network card is available in QEMU mode only.

type=netfront: Network card is available in paravirtualized mode.

No type entry: Network card is available in both QEMU and paravirtualized modes.

Workaround:

The issue is only applicable to Oracle VM Server 2.1.5 and does not apply to Oracle VM Server 2.2 or later.

If this issue occurs, change the network type from ioemu to netfront in the guest configuration file. Alternatively, delete the network type entry. You can make this change using Oracle VM Manager, or manually. To change the configuration manually:

- 1.Shut down the guest.
- 2.Edit the guest configuration file (vm.cfg) and change the type=ioemu entry to type=netfront, or delete the entry.
- 3.Restart the guest.

The network driver is started.

Question 9

Question Type: MultipleChoice

How can you tell that a virtual network interface in a virtual machine is set up to use Paravirtualization?

Options:

- A- The vm.cfg file will have axenbrX = [type=netfront]setting.
- B- The vm.cfg file will have avif = [type=netpv]setting.
- C- The vm.cfg file will have avif = [type=netfront]setting.
- D- The vm.cfg file will have axenbrX ttype=pvfront]setting.
- E- The vm.cfg file will have axenbrX = [type=netpv]setting.

Answer:

C

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